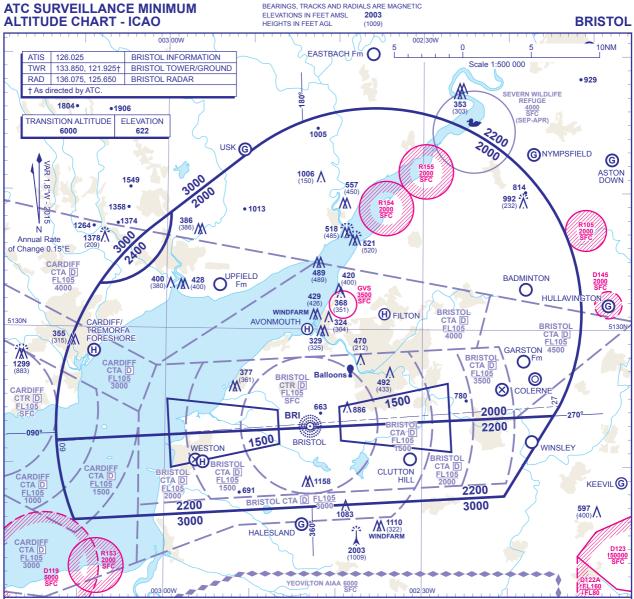
UNITED KINGDOM AIP AD 2-EGGD-5-1 3 Mar 2016



MINIMUM INITIAL ALTITUDE

- INITIAL ALTITUDE
 ATC Surveillance Minimum Altitude area the minimum initial altitude to be allocated by the approach surveillance controller is:
 a) 2000 in the sector defined by the lateral limits; 513822N 0025935W 514259N 0025015W thence clockwise by an arc of a circle radius 15NM centred on 513110N 0023527W to 512356N 0021426W 512140N 0031237W thence clockwise by an arc of a circle radius 18.5NM centred on 512258N 0024309W to 513315N 0030744W thence anticlockwise by an arc of a circle radius 5NM centred on 513813N 0030737W to 513822N 0025935W.
- b 13822N 002935W.

 b) 2200 in the sector defined by the lateral limits; 512140N 0031237W 512356N 0021426W 511751N 0022022W 511553N 0031024W thence clockwise by an arc of a circle radius 18.5NM centred on 512258N 0024309W to 512140N 0031237W.

 c) 2400 in the sector defined by the lateral limits; 513315N 0030744W thence clockwise by an arc of a circle radius 18.5NM centred on 512258N 0024309W 513822N 0025935W thence clockwise by an arc of a circle radius 5NM centred on 513813N 0030737W 513315N 0030744W.

OUTSIDE THE DESIGNATED ATC SURVEILLANCE MINIMUM ALTITUDE AREA

The minimum altitude to be allocated by the approach surveillance controller will be either the Minimum Sector Altitude, or 1000 above any fix
a) within 5NM of the aircraft*, and
b) within the sector 15NM ahead of and within 20° either side of the aircraft's track*.

*When the aircraft is within 15NM of the radar antennae, the 5NM in a) and the 15NM in b) may be reduced to 3NM and 10NM respectively. will be either the Minimum Sector Altitude, or 1000 above any fixed obstacles:

LOSS OF COMMUNICATION PROCEDURES

Continue visually or by means of an appropriate approved final approach aid. If not possible proceed at 2500, or last assigned level if higher to NDB(L) BRI†.

Intermediate and Final Approach
Continue visually or by means of an appropriate final approach aid. If not possible follow the Missed Approach Procedure to NDB(L) BRI†.
† In all cases where the aircraft returns to the holding facility the procedure to be adopted is the Radio Failure Procedure detailed at ENR 1.1.3

GENERAL INFORMATION

- Levels shown are based on QNH.

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 Only significant obstacles and dominant spot heights are shown.

 The minimum levels shown within the ATC Surveillance Minimum Altitude Area are in conformance with the Standard European Rules of the Air SERA.5015.

 Minimum Sector Altitudes are based on obstacles and spot heights within 25NM of NDB(L) BRI.

 Controlled airspace with a base in excess of 5000 or FL55, as appropriate, is not shown.

 Class D airway N864 FL55-FL105, transits the Cardiff CTA/CTR, but is not shown for purposes of clarity. See ENR 3.1 for details.

 This chart should only be used for the cross-checking of assigned altitudes whilst in receipt of an ATC surveillance service.

 When vectoring an aircraft within the Final Approach Vectoring Area descent clearance below the SMAA to the FAVA altitude may only be issued if the aircraft is either established on the final approach track or on an intercept of 40 degrees or less and is cleared to intercept the final approach track

CHANGE (13/15): NOTE 3. SMAA COORDINATE CORRECTION AREAS A AND C

AERO INFO DATE 17 SEP 15

CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY AMDT 3/2016